STATE OF WISCONSIN

BEFORE THE WISCONSIN EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMISSION

In the Matter of the Stipulation of	
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY and GENERAL DRIVERS AND HELPERS UNION, LOCAL 662	Case XXIV No. 15666 ME-796 Decision No. 11030-A
Involving Certain Employes of	
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY	
; 	
In the Matter of the Petition of	
EAU CLAIRE COUNTY	
Requesting a Declaratory Ruling : Pursuant to Section 111.70(4)(b), : Wis. Stats. Involving a Dispute Between : Said Petitioner and :	Case LIII No. 22972 DR(M)-90 Decision No. 16354
GENERAL DRIVERS AND HELPERS UNION, LOCAL 662, affiliated with the INTERNATIONAL BROTHERHOOD OF TEAMSTERS, CHAUFFEURS, WAREHOUSMEN AND HELPERS OF AMERICA	

ORDER DENYING MOTION AND ORDER REOPENING CERTIFICATION PROCEEDING

Eau Claire County having, on April 26, 1978, filed a motion wherein it asks the Commission, <u>inter alia</u>, to determine whether certain positions, namely cooks and cook/matrons, are properly accreted to a certified bargaining unit consisting of non-supervisory deputy sheriffs in the employ of Eau Claire County; and thereafter General Drivers, Local 662, IBTCWA, having filed a motion to dismiss that portion of the petition on the basis that it was inappropriately filed under §111.70(4)(b), Stats.; and the Commission being satisfied that said motion be denied and that said portion of the petition be treated as a petition for unit clarification pursuant to §111.70(4)(d), and that therefore the Commission's proceeding in the above-entitled certification be reopened for that purpose;

NOW, THEREFORE, it is

ORDERED

1. That the motion to dismiss herein be, and the same hereby is, denied; and

2. The Commission's proceeding in Case XXIV, above, is hereby reopened for the purpose of making a determination as to whether the

No. 11030-A No. 16354 positions of cook and cook/matron should be accreted to the unit certified therein.

Given under our hands and seal at the City of Madison, Wisconsin this $at \chi$ day of May, 1978.

WISCONSIN EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMISSION

By 7 Mpris Slavney, Chairman (Xnos In Herman Torosian, Commissioner Jarsha Marshall L. Gratz, Commissioner

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MEMORANDUM ACCOMPANYING ORDER DENYING MOTION AND ORDER REOPENING CERTIFICATION PROCEEDING

Eau Claire County (County) and General Drivers and Helpers Union, Local 662, IBTCWA (Union) are parties to a collective bargaining agreement covering both supervisory and non-supervisory employes which provides for a wage reopener. After engaging in negotiations pursuant to that reopener, the Union filed a petition for arbitration pursuant to the provisions of §111.77, Stats. 1/ During the investigation of the petition by the Commission's investigator, Donald B. Lee, a dispute arose concerning the proper interpretation of the scope of the reopener clause, i.e., whether the clause covers a longevity proposal made by the Union. The Union contends that it does. The County contends that it does not and therefore objects to the inclusion of the Union's longevity proposal in any final offer made pursuant to §111.77, Stats., on the basis that it is a permissive subject of bargaining.

In addition, a question arose as to whether certain employes, namely, cooks and cook/matrons, who have been voluntarily included in the nonsupervisory bargaining unit of deputy sheriffs certified by the Commission, are properly included in that unit, and if not, whether they can be included in the arbitration procedure.

On April 26, 1978 the County filed the instant petition for declaratory ruling pursuant to §111.70(4)(b), Stats., for the purpose of determining whether the Union's longevity proposal fell within the scope of the parties' reopener clause. In the same proceeding, the County asks the Commission to determine whether the cooks and cook/matrons are properly included in the non-supervisory bargaining unit and whether they can be included in the arbitration procedures under §111.77, Stats.

On May 3, 1978 the Union filed a brief wherein it argues that its longevity proposal was within the scope of the wage reopener clause. 2/ In addition, at the same time, the Union filed a motion wherein it asks the Commission to dismiss that portion of the County's petition for declaratory ruling wherein it asks for a determination of the appropriateness of the inclusion of the cooks and cook/matrons in the non-supervisory bargaining unit. It is the Union's position that this question is one arising under 11.70(4)(d), Stats., rather than 11.70(4)(b), Stats. The Union asks in the alternative that if this portion of the petition is not dismissed that it be given an opportunity to respond to the merits.

DISCUSSION:

We agree with the Union that a question concerning the appropriate scope of a collective bargaining unit is one arising under §111.70(4)(d), Stats., rather than §111.70(4)(b) Stats. On June 8, 1972, the Commission certified a collective bargaining unit consisting of all full-time deputy sheriffs, excluding the sheriff, supervisory deputy sheriffs and all other employes. According to the County's petition, the cook and cook/matrons in question became employes of the County on January 1, 1977 and the parties thereafter mutually agreed to accrete the positions

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^{1/} Case LI, No. 22743, MIA-379.

^{2/} The Union has subsequently advised the Commission by telephone that it has no objection to the Commission proceeding to decide the issue of the scope in the reopener clause on the basis of the record without an evidentiary hearing.

to said unit. However, the Commission has never decided the question of the appropriateness of that accretion nor has it amended its certification to reflect the parties' voluntary inclusion of said personnel in the bargaining unit of non-supervisory law enforcement personnel. Since there exists an issue as to whether the cooks and cook/matrons have such power of arrest as to have been properly accreted to the non-supervisory law enforcement unit, either party could have filed a petition for unit clarification. For this reason, rather than partially dismiss the petition as requested, and require the County to simply refile a separate petition, the Commission will treat the petition as a petition for unit clarification. 3/

Pursuant to its request contained in its motion, the Union is hereby afforded ten days after the receipt of a copy of this order in which to file a response on the merits and ask for an evidentiary hearing if the parties cannot stipulate to the facts as set out in the petition or in a supplementary stipulation.

Dated at Madison, Wisconsin this 1/1/2 day of May, 1978.

WISCONSIN EMPLOYMENT RELATIONS COMMISSION

evre By Morți Slavney, Chairman Herman Torosian Commissioner Marshall L. Gratz, Commissioner

3/ Greendale Board of Education, (12611) 4/74.

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