



Roehmann v. DHSS & Bur. of Pers.  
Case No. 77-216  
Page Two

prior to appointment, that she was unfairly screened out of the hiring process, and that the screening process had a disparate impact on women and minorities.

#### CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. The Personnel Board lacks jurisdiction over the subject matter of this appeal.
2. The appeal must be dismissed with prejudice.

#### OPINION

Section 16.05(1)(f), stats., provides for appeals of actions and decisions of the director. While the director has control over the examination process, once certification has been made the director's functional authority ceases and the appointing authority has the authority to make an appointment from among those certified. See § 16.05(2), stats. When an applicant has been certified and his or her complaints run to post-certification actions by the appointing authority, those actions are not attributable to the director and are not appealable as an action or decision of the director under § 16.05(1)(f), stats. See Schallock v. Voigt, Wis. Pers. Bd. 74-22 (11/25/75); affirmed Schallock v. State Personnel Board, Dane County Circuit Court No. 149-334. Where there has been a timely objection to jurisdiction the board is of the opinion that the respondent is entitled to ruling on that objection and that this appeal should not be dismissed without prejudice as requested by the appellant. The board also notes that the appellant is afforded a potential remedy with respect to her discrimination complaint under chapter 111 of the statutes.

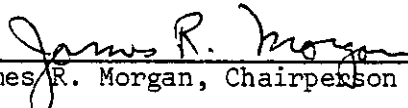
Roehmann v. DHSS & Bur. of Pers.  
Case No. 77-216  
Page Three

ORDER

This appeal is dismissed with prejudice for failure of jurisdiction.

Dated: May 18, 1978

STATE PERSONNEL BOARD

  
James R. Morgan, Chairperson